

# ROYAL HARBINGER

Reporting Fact of the Matter

Weekly



**PAGE 2 :**  
**'Har Ghar Tiranga' campaign will**  
**run from August 13 to 15...**

**PAGE 3 :**  
**Global Education Conclave-2022**  
**Held in Udaipur ...**

UDAIPUR | MONDAY, JULY 25, 2022 | PAGE 1 - 4 | PRICE : 5.00\* (Vol. 08, No. 19) Postal Registration No.RJ/UD/ 29-134/2017-2019



## Hariyali Amavasya Fair

A celebration is a way of life for Udaipurites. Fairs and festivals are the occasions for them to de-stress themselves and make merry. And there seems to be no better time for enjoyment than the end of the sweltering heat of the summer and the advent of the

through Dewali and Motimagri area, Maharana Fatehsingh, who liked very much to visit places around Udaipur, saw that there was a small lake, the water of which was not being used. He thought of expanding the waterbody so that the water could be used for irrigation. He persuaded

pleted the Maharana came to visit the waterbody on Hariyali Amavasya in a procession accompanied by his umraos and Sardars. In attendance were musicians and bands. To express their gratitude to the Maharana for building the beautiful dam, the public thronged to the place in large numbers. After giving 'darshan' to the public, the Maharana accompanied by Maharani Chandi, went up the neighboring hill to worship the highly revered Neemaj Mata.



and shopkeepers of the town were called to the palace through a public announcement and given provisions from the storehouse of the palace. They were asked to set up shops in the fair.

It is said that in the beginning a fair was held at Neemaj Mata and people used to go up the hill for 'darshan'. Men, women, and children wore green dresses on this day. The Maharana would go to the residence of the Rajpurohit

where there was a big feast. Sometimes there was also a feast in Saheliyon ki Badi.

Big groups of from tribals distant places also come to the fair. Adivasi young men wearing dhotis tucked up high, kurta, turbans, colored handkerchiefs tied around the neck, and sticks in hands throng to Udaipur. They are joined by girls and women dressed up in gaily colored attires. They come singing and dancing with Dhols. Not to be left behind

Udaipurites also join the fun. Some come with their family while others with their friends. Fatehsagar 'paal' and Saheliyon ki Badi road vibrate with monsoon melodies. Entertaining the crowds can be seen, folk artists. The hundreds of stalls set up by the shopkeepers from different parts of the country have a huge variety of items on sale. Toys, cosmetics, etc have a bumper sales. A local dish 'malpua', 'gulab jamun', 'Jalebi', 'chat'

are favorites Bhuttas, maize corn, roasted on glowing coal sell like hotcakes. On the day following Hariyali Amavasya the fair is open only for women. Amiling crowd of women both rural and urban can be seen enjoying themselves fully on this occasion. Children are visibly excited riding Chakridar while ladies get busy on other swings. Getting tattooed in the fair is quite common, especially with village bellies. For tourists, it is a unique occasion to closely watch a queer mix of the rural and urban culture of Mewar.

They enjoy themselves fully and their cameras keep clicking to capture memories of their visit to Lake City. So popular has the fair become that songs have been composed on it, saying that one should prepare lunch early to go to the fair as there would be a big crowd there.

Saheliyon ki Badi, a huge ornamental garden originally

built as a relaxing area for the amusement of the royal ladies is flooded by people coming to the fair. A lot of people, especially from outside Udaipur who prefer a less crowded place go to Gulab Bagh, the spectacular rose garden built by Maharana Sajjan Singh. Located atop a hill Moti Magari, overlooking the Fateh Sagar lake is visited by a large number of people. The adventurous persons climb up the Neemaj Mata hill to have the Devi's Darshan.

One of the most crowded places on the occasion is Sukhadia Circle, a favorite spot for foodies, where children enjoy boating in the colorful pedal boats.

An eagerly awaited festival, especially by women, Hariyali Amavasya is an occasion when people from neighboring areas and Udaipur get together, go gay and enjoy themselves fully.

-Ashok Mathur

**Veteran journalist Ashok Mathur's blog (ashokmathuronudaipur.com) with over 100 articles on udaipur's palaces, temples, lakes, gardens, festivals, fairs, wildlife etc. is getting very popular. It has interesting content for udaipurites as well as tourists.**

much-awaited refreshing rainy days. As the name indicates Hariyali Amavasya falls on the moonless night of the month of Sawan when the earth and Aravali hills are clad in a velvet green 'hariyali' sheet.

About the beginning of the fair there is a fascinating story. It is said that while passing

erstwhile Prince of England, the Duke of Connaught to lay the foundation. The lake was named Shivsagar and the main dam was called Connaught Dam. However, later on, as desired by the Duke, it was called Fateh Sagar after the Maharana's name.

After the dam was com-

## Will the opposition-less governance system lead India to the Presidential Democracy of America?

**New Delhi.** Recently, news came to the headlines that because of the widespread opposition of the Congress on the day of the swearing-in ceremony of India's first newly elected tribal woman President Draupadi Murmu on Monday, July 25, the Enforcement Directorate (ED) has appointed working President of All India Congress Committee Sonia Gandhi National. A new summons has been sent for questioning in the Herald case, according to which Sonia Gandhi will appear before the ED on July 26 instead of 25.

There is a discussion in the political circles that since Sonia Gandhi is a member of the Lok Sabha. She is also the acting National President of Congress, so to prevent her from going to the swearing-in ceremony, the ED kept her appearance on July 25 so that the opposition of Congress could not get media headlines. Whereas earlier, the investigating agency had asked her to appear on July 25, i.e., on Monday. Sonia Gandhi was also questioned on July 21, and many Congress leaders gave their arrested while protesting on the road against the ED proceedings.

It is noteworthy that the ED is probing the alleged money laundering case related to the National Herald newspaper. For this, Sonia Gandhi was called for questioning on July 21. Given Sonia's ill health, she was not questioned earlier. On July 21, Sonia, Rahul Gandhi, and Priyanka Gandhi also went to the ED headquarters. Earlier, Rahul Gandhi was interrogated in the ED for several hours for three to four days. Even then, the Congress came out on the streets across the country, including the national capital New Delhi and gave violent protests and arrests.

### The beauty of Democracy

The roots of Democracy in India are profound; only then, with the end of the Emergency imposed by Prime Minister Indira Gandhi, in the general elections held in 1977-78, did the people show the way out of power to the Congress government of Indira Gandhi. For the first time in the country, the United Janata Party, formed by the opposition parties, formed the government under the leadership of Morarji Bhai Desai of Gujarat. However, only two and a half years later, the same people restored the Congress to power due to its disintegration due to the emergence of differences in the Janata Party formed by the alliance of several political parties. Later the governments of other mixed parties were created at the center, and after the governments of the Bharatiya

Janata Party and Congress also came and went under the leadership of Atal Bihari Vajpayee.

The incidents happened when Narendra Modi of the BJP emerged as a new leader and then when he became the Prime Minister of NDA, the politics of polarization of Hindu votes and the collapse of family parties led to the failure of the governments of Congress and other parties in the country one after the other.

At the same time, the slogan of Congress-mukt Bharat of the BJP also started rising. Under the leadership of Ashok Gehlot in Rajasthan and Bhupesh Baghel in Chhattisgarh, the Congress has its governments left in only two states. In Maharashtra, too, the Uddhav Thackeray government of Shiv Sena, supported by Congress and Sharad Pawar, has collapsed. The Ashwamedha Ghoda of the BJP has reached Karnataka in southern India, and now the eyes of the BJP are on other states as well. However, in the national capital of the country, Delhi, Kerala, West Bengal, and Punjab, the BJP's pulse could not melt, and in Odisha, Andhra Pradesh, Telangana, etc. Even though he could not get the expected success, the BJP destroyed the unity of the opposition parties in the presidential election. In the vice-presidential election, the opposition seems to be in the same fate.

Assembly elections will be held in several states in the coming two years before the general elections to the Lok Sabha will be born in 2024. What Congress and other opposition parties can feed in these elections has to be seen. Otherwise, if the opposition has sunk into the politics of the country, then no one will be able to stop the Narendra Modi government from being invincible like Indira Gandhi and ruling under an umbrella. Still, the thing to think about is that for a democratic country like India, there is no opposition-less governance system in India. Wouldn't Presidential Democracy like America lead the way and limit the country's politics to the politics of only two major parties?

In political circles, these days, the discussion is also in full swing that in a democracy, the ruling party and the opposition are navigating from the Parliament to the road is not a new thing, but Democracy.

If the tendency to uproot the opposition from the root becomes dominant, then Democracy will have no meaning, and the dangers of a dictatorship system will increase. However, India is made of different soil. After the country's independence, healthy

democratic systems were seen for many decades. The tradition of making continued. In both the houses of the Parliament, the lower house Lok Sabha and the upper house Rajya Sabha for decades, the Speaker of the Lok Sabha and the Speaker of the Rajya Sabha, the representative of the ruling party, and the Deputy Speaker of the Opposition.

Similarly, the tradition of making the Speaker and Deputy Speaker of the Vidhan Sabha also went along the same lines for years, but later these nourishing traditions were broken. However, over some time, the opposition leaders were provided facilities equivalent to the cabinet ministers. After Indira Gandhi, Rajiv Gandhi also after the brutal assassination, when Congress leader Narasimha Rao became the Prime Minister, the Indian government sent the leader of the opposition, Atal Bihari Vajpayee, to the UNO to represent India in the United Nations against Pakistan.

The whole world had seen that diplomatic initiative of India. And the healthy traditions of Democracy existing in India were also praised with free will. Atal Bihari Vajpayee on India's victory in the 1971 India-Pakistan war and the historic creation of a new country in the form of Bangladesh by fragmenting Pakistan. In the Parliament, Indira Gandhi was addressed as the form 'Maa Durga.' The parliamentary history of India is full of such incidents; that is why India is considered the most significant and best democratic country in the world.

He was the leader of the opposition in the Rajasthan Legislative Assembly for years and later became the Speaker of the Assembly; Dungarpur Maharawal Laxman Singh used to say that in a democratic system, the ambiguity of the opposition is the hallmark of a healthy democracy.

In 1975, then Prime Minister Indira Gandhi declared an Emergency and sent all the leaders of the major opposition parties to jail. Then the freedom of the press and media was also severely attacked. During the Congress rule, the state governments of the opposition parties were dissolved, and President's rule was imposed on them. This tendency of the ruling party was criticized everywhere. Eventually, in 1977, for the first time after independence, the Congress government, which had been ruling at the center, was dismissed from power. After that, their state governments were also out of power.

- Niti Gopendra Bhatt

## Posting Ceremony of Rotary Club Udaipur

**Udaipur:** Additional Commissioner of Income Tax, Bheraram Choudhary, said that education is still needed in rural areas of Udaipur. We have to bring the children who cannot come into the mainstream of society due to education. He was speaking as the chief guest at the posting ceremony for the year 2022-23 organized by Rotary Club Udaipur at Rotary Bajaj Bhawan. He said that despite having a 45 percent reservation of TSP, the development of rural areas is not happening. We can bring the overall development of children by bringing them forward through scholarship. We have to think about this posting officer, former governor Nirmal Singhvi, administered oath to the newly elected executive chairman Satishchandra Jain, secretary Ajay Agarwal, Rakesh Maheshwari, Deepak Mehta, Hemant Mehta, Ramesh Singhvi, Dr. Devendra Sareen, Srichand Khathuria, Hemant Jain, Padma Dugad, Ambalal Bohra, Anshul Mogra, Bharat Saruparia, Col. BL Jain, Girish Mehta, Anil Chhajed, Nakshatra Talesara, Dilip Shah, Gajendra Jodhawat, Vivek Vyas, Tej Singh Modi, Dr. Pradeep Kumawat, O.P. Sahlot, Due to good service work, Rotary has been running continuously for the last 117 years. The Rotary Foundation has also helped Ukraine financially in the Ukraine-Russia war. On this occasion, Singhvi said that we have to move ahead in the service competition so that all the needy can benefit.

Newly elected president Satish Chandra Jain said that this year Rotary Club Udaipur would set up RO and water purifier plants in rural areas according to the number of children in schools. Exceptional work will be done for poor students. In the ceremony, with the help of Vice President Hemant Mehta, the chief guest Bheraram Chaudhary presented stationery for school children to Anant Vyas of Kanod, copies and school bags for children to Shabana Chaudhary of Debari School. The guests released the committee book published by the club. Darshana Singhvi introduced Bheraram Chaudhary, Deepak Mehta introduced Satishchandra Jain, and Anil Chhajed introduced Ajay Agarwal. Joint Commissioner of Income Tax Sanjay Singh, Deputy Commissioner of Income Tax Girish Parihar, Deputy Commissioner of Income Tax Ajay Agarwal, President and Secretary of various Rotary Clubs of the city, were present at the function.

Assistant Governor Mukesh Chaudhary also addressed the function.

## Overwhelmed by innovations: Secretary of the Ayurveda Government inspected the free Panchakarma camp

**Udaipur.** During the Government Adarsh Ayurved Dispensary inspection at Futa Darwaza Sindh Bazar surprise inspection, Vineeta Srivastava, Government Secretary, Department of Ayurveda, was overwhelmed to see the arrangements and facilities being provided to the patients.

On this occasion, while appreciating the work of Senior Ayurved Medical Officer Dr. Shobhalal Audichya, he called him 'Excellent' and encouraged the staff working here. She also honored all the doctors and nursing staff, supporting the team working in the Panchakarma camp being organized here, and encouraged them to organize such camps in the future.

She asked to organize a Panchakarma camp every month in the dispensary. Also, instructions were given to organizing such camps in rural and tribal areas. During the conclusion of the vast Ayurveda Panchakarma camp, she inquired about the well-being of the patients and inspected the arrangements of the dispensary.

During the inspection, Additional Director Udaipur Division Dr. Pradyumna Rajora, Deputy Director Dr. Ramesh Chandra Bairwa, Assistant Director Bhupendra Sharma, Assistant Director Dr. Rajiv Bhatt, and Dr. Vishnu Bansal were present.

Extraordinary efforts are being made in the dispensary. Vineeta Srivastava found during the inspection that the



Swarna Prashan campaign is being run in the dispensary, under which children from six months to sixteen years of age are being given drops of Swarna Prashan to increase their immunity.

Similarly, every month, camps are being organized to treat lifestyle diseases like hypertension, diabetes, thyroid, obesity, and migraine. Regular yoga is done here every day from 6:30 am to 8 pm, which benefits many city residents. Apart from this, Dr. Shobhalal Audichya is going to various government and non-government schools for health education and is being made aware of the diet, lifestyle, routine, rituals, and rituals based on Ayurveda and Indian lifestyle. Dr. Shobhalal Audichya informed that from time to time, the general public benefits by organizing medical camps on different person's birthdays or even on death anniversaries. Regarding seasonal diseases, medicines are being distributed free of cost to the patients coming to this dispensary. When Government Secretary Vineeta Srivastava was apprised of all these innovations, she appreciated them and asked to continue them.

It is noteworthy that Dr. Shobhalal Audichya has been continuously training medical officers and nursing staff since 2012 by visiting various districts in the state regarding Adarsh dispensary and record keeping.

### Dispensary got refrigerator and inverter.

In the dispensary, Laxman Pankaj Chhatwani Memorial Trust and Inner Wheel Club presented refrigerators and inverters by Dilip Surana for the patients' convenience, which were inaugurated by opening the ribbon by Sundari Chhatwani and Government Secretary Vinita Srivastava.

President of Sundari Chhatwani Inner Wheel Club Rashmi Pagaria and members participated on this occasion. Apart from this, in-charge Dr. Shobhalal Audichya, Dr. Akash Jain, Nursing and Support Staff Compounder Amritlal Parmar, Ruplal Meena, Kanchan Kumar Damor, Nurse Indira Damor, Chandresh Parmar, Kanhaiyalal Nagda, Safeali Pargi, Vandana Shaktawat, Gajendra Ameta, Damodar Lal Paneri Seva Samman was also given to Nirbhay Singh Bhati, Mahendra Singh Chauhan.

## Successful operation of a patient suffering from rare disease Lobster Chloe syndrome

**Udaipur:** At Pacific Medical College and Hospital, Bedla, 55-year-old Sitaram Sukhwai, suffering from Lobster Chloe Syndrome, was successfully operated on the hip. In this successful operation, the team of orthopedic surgeons, Dr. Saleh Mohammad Kanji, Dr. Harsh, Dr. Abhilash, Dr. Swati Sharma, and Subhash of the Department of Anesthesia, had the support.

Fifty-five years old Sitaram Sukhwai, a resident of Chittorgarh, got 11 thousand KV work. When the line came in contact, he got electrocuted, falling down from the pole. He fractured his hip bone as he fell from the pole. The family brought him to the Pacific Hospital Bedla, where he showed him to the orthopedic surgeon Dr. Saleh Mohammad Kanji; then, on jawing, there was a fracture in the right hip, which was possible only through the operation.

Dr. Saleh Mohd Kaggi said that the patient had been suffering from a disease called Lobster Chloe Syndrome since birth, and both his hands and paw fingers were suffering from this disease. In this disease, the fingers of the patient were associated with delivery in such a way that the hands and paws are visible in the form of a claw. A mutation in a gene causes this rare disease. Dr. Kaggi said that due to this disease, the patient's left hip was also damaged, so he could not walk. The patient underwent a complete hip transplant under the Chiranjeevi scheme. The patient is now completely healthy and is walking, and the patient has just been discharged.