

All set to relocate Tribal University

Udaipur : The pet project of former CM Ashok Gehlot will have to deal with another blow as the Rajasthan Government is set to relocate the Rajiv Gandhi Tribal University from Udaipur to its interiors- near Beneshwar Dham in Dungarpur district. The university was introduced by Gehlot right before the assembly polls. Also, the Haridev Joshi University for Journalism & Mass Communication, also introduced by Gehlot is being shut down. Both the institutes were put under scanner by Raje Government when it came to power in December 2013. The shift is likely to hit the Tribal University hard as according to insiders, it will be difficult to attract good faculty and provide a competitive environment in the interiors. Presently the University runs at divisional headquarters of MLSU and has 82 PG students in the second year with admissions for the new batch already started. Apart from VCT.C Damor, former IG rank IPS officer, appointed by Gehlot government, the university has no regular faculty and has been dependent on guest faculty for conducting classes. On the other hand, Higher Education Minister Kalicharan Saraf told, "The Tribal University is in the wrong location. We have identified another location for it between Dungarpur and Banswara in Beneshwar Dham. Currently, it operates out of a building in Udaipur, but a tribal university should be in the heart of tribal land and not in a city." "It will go to a place where the tribal will benefit the most. We also plan to affiliate all local colleges in the area to this university," he added.

'Smart City Cell' in Udaipur

Udaipur : On the level of Heritage Cell, Nagar Nigam will establish Smart City Cell for the effective monitoring of the smart city guidelines. Nigam Commissioner Himmat Singh Barhath informed that with the inception of Smart City Cell, the SI will be appointed as the in charge. The cell will be responsible for monitoring the work related to the Smart City Project. Nigam will soon upload the review of the project on the official website. It is to consider that in the guidelines stated by the Ministry of Urban Development there are series of work that requires planning after which they can be executed. With the Smart City Cell, the deficiency can be well resolved.

Udaipur Students Added New Feathers To Resonance

Udaipur : Udaipur students added new feathers. In the recently declared result of PCPMT 2015, two girls of Resonance Udaipur were placed in TOP-10. Payal Agrawal and Esha Sarupria, students of Reso-MDS Integrated program secured 2nd and 7th rank in Rajasthan, respectively. The Federation of Private Medical & Dental Colleges of Rajasthan (FPMDCR) is an association that conducts examination for 19 private medical and dental colleges of Rajasthan. The Federation conducted the 2015 PCPMT examination on 16 July 2015, Thursday for admissions to undergraduate courses in MBBS and BDS for the academic year 2015-16. Ravi Ranjan & Arun Shirmali (Centre Head - Resonance Udaipur) and Shailendra Somani congratulated selected students and gave best wishes for their future endeavor.

Dewas-2 nears Completion

Udaipur : Good news awaits Udaipur as the Dewas Project-2 is nearing completion and with that, all the lakes in the city will be full to their brim before the arrival of Monsoons. The Madri Dam and the Akodda Dam work have been completed in the second phase. It took nearly 9 years and 4 months for the project to be completed. The biggest reason of delay was that the contractor left the job in between. It is to consider that Gulab Chand Kataria and PHED Minister Kiran Maheshwari are putting their efforts to complete the project. With the completion of Dewas Project-2, the Madri and Akodda Dam water will flow into Fateh Sagar and Pichola. In case of overflow in them, the water will flow to Udaisaragar. Followed by Vallabh Nagar, Badgaon and Ghosundu Dam, the extra water will reach Bilaspur.

Swearing-In ceremony organized

Udaipur : The swearing-in ceremony of DPS Rotary Interact Club took place at Rotary Bajaj Bhawan, Rani Road and with this DPS Rotary Interact Club received International Charter of Rotary Club. The students of Delhi Public School, Udaipur presented the welcome song and acquainted the gathering with the various social community acts like books, stationery and uniform distribution in villages, plantation drive etc done by the Dipsites. They also informed the club members about various activities that will be undertaken by the students of DPS in this session. Parnika and Akshat were selected as the President and Secretary of the club for the session 2015-16, respectively. The Principal, Neeru Tandon motivated the students to remain connected with community services.

Visited the store at Easy Day

Udaipur : The Jr.KG Wittians of WIS, Udaipur had a very learning experience when they visited the grocery store at Easy Day. They explored the entire store and learnt about the daily required grocery. Fulfilling to their curiosity they were answered to all the questions asked. The students learnt about the billing procedure, collecting the articles in the trolley, checking the manufacturing, expiry and weight of the articles taken. The excursion was full of excitement as the weather is very pleasant not only in the store, but also on the way. Students were told about the different shops on the way and the articles sold by them. Students had a fun filled trip.

MDS Students Becomes Champ

Udaipur : Students of MDS Sr. Sec. School, Pratap Nagar emerged as the City-level winners in the Bournvita quiz competition 2014. The competition was conducted by the Derek O'Brien and Associates, Kolkata where teams from 16 prestigious schools participated in the Quiz contest out of which six teams of MDS Sr Sec School, St Anthony, St Marys, St Teresa, MMPS and St Gregorius were selected for the final round. According to Dr. Nidhi Maheshwari, Principal, MDS Sr Sec School, who recently won the Best District Principal award from Science Olympiad Foundation, the questions in final round were fired from history, political science, current affairs of India and abroad but MDS Team stood the best out of the 6 and came out to be the winners of the prestigious Bournvita Quiz Contest at Udaipur level. The team of students including Arpit Maheshwari (VIII Std.) and Kaustubh Mane (VIII Std.) got a Trophy and Certificates and were felicitated by Dr. Shailendra Somani, Director, MDS Sr. Sec. School. It is well to be noted that the Cadbury Bournvita Quiz Contest is an Indian quiz contest that began on April 12, 1972 and Sponsored by Cadbury India, it is one of India's most famous quiz contests of India.

The Mystery of Death : Vyapam Scam

Dr. Pankaj Vyas

The Vyapam scam is an admission and recruitment scam involving politicians, senior officials and businessmen in the Indian state of Madhya Pradesh. Madhya Pradesh Professional Examination Board (MPPEB), popularly known by its Hindi acronym "Vyapam" (Vyavsayik Pariksha Mandal), is a self-financed and autonomous body incorporated by the State government responsible for conducting several entrance tests in the state. These entrance exams are held for recruitment in government jobs and admissions in educational institutes of the state. The scam involved a collusion of underserving candidates, who bribed politicians and MPPEB officials through middlemen, to get high ranks in these entrance tests.

Cases of irregularities in these entrance tests had been reported since the mid-1990s, and the first FIR was filed in 2000. However, until 2009, such cases were not thought to be part of an organized ring. When major complaints surfaced in the pre-medical test (PMT) in 2009, the state government established a committee to investigate the matter. The committee released its report in 2011, and over a hundred people were arrested by the police.

The sheer scale of the scam came to light in 2013, when the Indore police arrested 20 people who had come to impersonate candidates for PMT 2009. The interrogation of these people led to the arrest of Jagdish Sagar, the leader of an organized racket involved in the scam. The state government established a Special Task Force (STF) on 26 August 2013. Subsequent interrogations and arrests uncovered the involvement of several politicians, bureaucrats, MPPEB officials, racket leaders, middlemen, candidates and their parents in the scam. By June 2015, more than 2000 people had been arrested in connection with the scam. These included the state's ex-education minister Laxmikant Sharma and over a hundred other politicians. In July 2015, the Supreme Court of India issued an order to transfer the case to the country's premier investigating agency, the Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI).

Other exams probed

In November 2013, the STF found that the scamsters had rigged five recruitment tests: Pre-PG, Food Inspector Selection Test, Milk Federation test, Subedar-Sub Inspector and Platoon Commander Selection Test and Police Constable Recruitment Test- all held during 2012 for government jobs in the state. For Pre-PG Test of 2012, MPPEB's former examination controller Dr Pankaj Trivedi and its system analyst Nitin Mahindra provided model answer

2009-11: Initial probe by committee

A report by the Madhya Pradesh Local Fund Audit office for 2007-08 found several financial and administrative irregularities in MPPEB, including unauthorized disposal of application forms. It was suspected that the application forms were being destroyed so that they could not be compared to exam admit cards and other records. In 2009, fresh complaints of irregularities in the pre-medical test (PMT) surfaced. Indore-based activist Anand Rai filed a Public Interest Litigation (PIL) requesting investigation into the scam. In 2009, Chief Minister Shivraj Singh Chouhan set up a committee headed by the State Joint Director of Medical Education to probe the allegations.

In July 2011, MPPEB monitored 145 suspects during the Pre-Medical Test (PMT). Most of the suspects did not turn up, but 8 were caught for impersonating others. This included Kanpur-based Satyendra Varma, who had accepted ₹ 4 lakh to appear in place of Ashish Yadav, in Indore. 15 exam toppers from the previous year appeared for the exam. Suspecting that these people were called in to impersonate others or to help candidates cheat by sitting adjacent to them, MPPEB asked them to explain their reasons for re-taking the exams. MPPEB also started using biometric technology: thumb impressions and photographs of all the persons appearing for the exam were taken to be matched during the post-results counseling.

The committee set up by Chouhan in 2009 submitted its report to the government in November 2011. It mentioned that 114 candidates had passed PMT using impersonation. The candidates, mostly from rich families, had been impersonated by practicing doctors and talented medical students, some of whom had come from neighbouring states of Uttar Pradesh and Bihar. The middlemen had charged each candidate ₹ 1-4 million. The findings raised concern that several fake doctors admitted through PMT in earlier years might have graduated as practitioners. The possibility of government officials being involved in the scam was also mentioned. In December 2011, the MP Government announced that all the students who had gained admissions by fraudulent means would be asked to quit their courses. This included those who had already spent some years taking the course.

In 2012, Indore police arrested four people who had come to impersonate candidates in the PMT exam. The arrested had been promised sums ranging from ₹ 25,000 to ₹ 50,000 each.

keys to candidates through photocopies. For the other four exams, the Vyapam officials manipulated the OMR answer sheets by taking them out of the strong room. Different FIRs against 153 people, including Sudhir Sharma, were filed. Sharma had earlier been interrogated by CBI in mining scam of Madhya Pradesh. In March 2014, the government announced that the STF was investigating rigging of nine examinations, and 127 people had been arrested.

The previous years' PMT exams were also investigated. The STF found that 286 candidates had cleared PMT-2012 through fraudulent means. On 29 April 2014, 27 students of MGM Medical College in Indore were expelled for having used fraudulent means to clear PMT-2012.

In June 2014, the High Court asked the police why several of the accused in the case had not been arrested yet. Following this, the STF made several arrests. On 15 June, the STF arrested the state's former technical education minister and BJP

leader Laxmikant Sharma for his alleged involvement in the contractual teachers recruitment scam. On 18 and 19 June 2014, the police arrested over 100 medical students from different parts of the state, for their involvement in the PMT scam.

In September 2014, the STF revealed that Jagdish Sagar's racket had also rigged the entrance exams for recruitment in SBI and other nationalized banks. These entrance exams included the Institute of Banking Personnel Selection's exams and the SBI Probationary Officer's exam.

Investigations

Initial investigations into the irregularities were conducted by the various city units of the state police. During 2009-11, a committee established by the state government and headed by the State Joint Director of Medical Education, probed the irregularities in the PMT exam.

After the role of organized crime rackets and politicians in the scam

2013 MP-PMT exam

The massive scale of the Vyapam scam came to light in 2013. On the night of 6-7 July, the Indore police arrested 20 people from various city hotels. These people, 17 of whom were from Uttar Pradesh, had come to impersonate local candidates in the PMT exam scheduled on 7 July 2013. The impersonators had been promised sums ranging from ₹ 50,000 to ₹ 100,000. Based on information collected during the interrogation of these 20 impersonators, Indore police found out that an organized racket headed by Jagdish Sagar was involved in the scam. After the arrests and the revelation, Dr. Anand Rai submitted a complaint to the local Superintendent of Police (economic offence wing), seeking a detailed investigation. He sought probe into the role of MPPEB's chairman, exam controller, assistant controller and deputy controller.

On 13 July, 2015, Jagdish Sagar was arrested in Mumbai. A list containing names of 317 students was confiscated from him. MPPEB's exam controller Pankaj Trivedi, who was not a suspect in the scam at that time, tried to protect these students. He sent a letter to various government departments and the deans of medical colleges, insisting that these students should be allowed admission once they sign an affidavit. The affidavit would state that they didn't use any unfair means, and that their admissions would be canceled if they were found guilty in the police investigations. On 28 September 2013, Trivedi was also arrested, based on Jagdish Sagar's interrogation. On 5 October, the Special Task Force (STF) of the police chargesheeted 28 people, including Jagdish Sagar. In December 2013, the STF produced a 23,000-page supplementary chargesheet against 34 accused in the Indore district court. Out of these 34 accused chargesheeted, 30 were students and their guardians. Four others included Pankaj Trivedi, Dr. Sanjeev Shilpkar and Dr. Jagdish Sagar's accomplice Gangaram Pipliya.

ly suspicious deaths, Chouhan informed media that he will write to High Court of Madhya Pradesh requesting to order a CBI probe into the scam. On the same day, the opposition National Congress Party requested for resignation of Chouhan to allow fair probe into the scam. Application was filed before the High Court to transfer the investigation to the Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI), which however ordered to await the decision of the Supreme Court on similar applications. On 9 July 2015, the Attorney General for India told Supreme Court that State of Madhya Pradesh had no objection whatsoever for transferring the investigation to the CBI, upon which the Supreme Court ordered to transfer the 'criminal cases related to the scam and also the cases related to deaths allegedly linked with scam to the CBI, country's premier investigating agency. However who will monitor the investigation process was not announced.

Deaths

A number of people connected to the scam and its investigation, died during the course of investigation. The opposition parties and activists alleged that several of these deaths happened under suspicious circumstances. In 2015, the Special Task Force (STF) submitted a list to High Court, naming 23 people who are believed to have died "unnatural death". According to the STF, most of these deaths took place before it took over the investigation in July 2013. Some media reports claimed that 40+ people associated with the scam had died under mysterious circumstances.

The State Government dismissed the allegations, arguing that Vyapam conducts very large-scale examinations and thousands of people are admitted or recruited through these exams every year. Chief Minister Shivraj Singh Chouhan insisted that death of every person linked with Vyapam exams should not be linked to the Vyapam scam. The state's Home Minister Babulal Gaur claimed that the deaths were "natural".

According to whistleblower Anand Rai, 10 of these deaths are suspicious, while the rest might be coincidences. The deaths considered as suspicious by him include the deaths of Akshay Singh, Namarata Damor, Narendra Tomar, D K Sakale, Arun Sharma, Rajendra Arya and four middlemen who died in road accidents.

According to the High-Court Special Investigation Team (SIT), 32 people in 25-30 age-group identified as 'racketeers' during the investigation, died in suspicious circumstances since the investigation started in 2012. The SIT officials raised concerns that the arrested people were naming those who were already dead, in order to mislead the probe.

Sunday होता है परिवार और दोस्तों के साथ समय बिताने के लिए, ना कि सब्जी मण्डी में जाकर धक्के खाने के लिए



**अब पाएँ घर बैठे शुद्ध एवं ताजी फल और सब्जियाँ
सीधे खेतों से आपके घर सिर्फ एक फोन कॉल या विलक पर**

कॉल करें 954-907-2222
प्रातः 9.00 से रात्री 9.00 तक **954-908-2222**

**न्यूनतम 150 रु. या इससे अधिक
आईर पर फ्री होम डिलवरी**

FREE HOME DELIVERY*

लॉग इन करें: **www.grealthfresh.com**

ग्रेल्थ फ्रेश से लेना, मतलब सीधे खेतों से लेना